The Koyall Paliage

ofher Maiesty from the Tower of Lon-

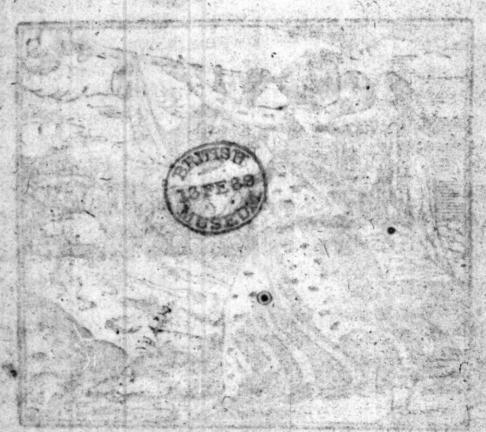
don to her Palice of White-hall, with all the Speaches and Deuices, both of the Pageants and otherwise, together with her Maightes Jeneral Appares, and most pleasing Speaches to them all the speaches to them all the speaches and the speaches the second speaches to the second speaches to the second second speaches to the second se

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Imprinted at London by S. S. for John Busby, and are to be fold under S. Peters Church in Come-hill



Imprinted at Lordon by S. S. for lown Bushyand are to be follown. In S. Pren Church in Corac hills.

The receiving of the Queenes Maiesty into the City of London.

Mon Saterday, which was the 14. day of Jamuary, in the years of our Lord God, 1558. about two of the clock at afternouse, the mol Poble & Christian Princess, our most read Soneraigne Lady Elizabeth, by the grace of God, Lucene of England, Fraunce and Freland, Defender of the fayth, 4c, marched from the Cower, to passe through the City of Lon-

bon toward Wellminfter, richly furnished, and mol honozably accompanied, as well with Bentlemen, Barons, and other the Robility of this Realme, as also with a notable trayne of goods and beautifull Lautes, richly appoputeo : And entring the City. was of the people received marnetlous entirely, as appeared by the affembly, pragers, withes, welcomings, cross, tender words and all other fignes, which argue a wonderfull earnest lone of mot obedient subjects toward their Soveraigne. And on the other fide, her Grace by holding to her hands, and merry counts. nance to luch as floo farre off, & most tender and gentle language to those that food night o ber Grace, Did beclare ber felfe no leffe thankfully to receive ber peoples and will, then they louingly offredit ontober. To all that withen ber Grace well, the gave. bearty thanks. And to luch as bave God faue her Grace, the faro againe, God faue them all, and thanked them with all her beart. Sothat on exther five there was nothing but gladneffe, nothing but prayer, nothing but comfort. The Quienes Paielly reispe ced marnailoully, to lie that lo exciedingly the west owards her Grace, infich all goo Princes baue ener bellred : I meane, fo earnest love of subjects, to entrently beclared even to ber Graces owne Perlan, being carries in the misself of them. The people againe were wonderfully ravished with the louing answers and gettures of their Princette, like to the which, they had before tried at her first comming to the Cower fro Patsielo. This her Graces louing behaniour preconceined in the peoples beaus, bron

conserio The receyuing soon and To

thele confiderations was then throughly confirmed, and in Debe implanted a wonderfall hope in them touching ber worthy and nernment in the reft of her ratgne. Ho; in all her paffage the bib not only the to ber molt gracious love toward the people in acherall: but also privately, if the bafer personages bab epther offereb ber Brace any floirers oz fuch like, as a Ganification of their goo will, or moued to her any futte, the molt gelfte, to the common relopling of all the lokers on , and private comfort of the parties, Raid ber Chariot, and beard thepy requelts: So that if a man fould fap well, he could not better terme the Citie of Lonbon that time, than a frage wherein was thewed the wonderfull speciacle of anoble barted Paincelle toward ber incl louing peo. ple, and the peoples ercebing comfort in beholding fo worthy a Coneratane, and hearing to Princelthe a boice, which could not but have let the enemy on fire, fince that bertue is in the enemie alway commended, much more could it not but inflame her natu. rall, obedient, and molt louing people, whole weale leaneth only boon her Grace, ber gouernment. Thus therfoze the Dudnes Matelie palled from the Towne, till the came to Fan-Church, the people on each live topoully beholding the biew of fo gracious a Laby their Duene, and ber Grace no lelle gladly noting and obseruing the same. Bare boto fan-Church was erected a scal foldrichly furnished, whereon fod a nople of instruments, and a child in cottly apparell, which was appointed to welcome the Quenes Pajette in the whole Cities behalfe . Against which place when her Grace came, of her owne will the commaunder the Chartot to be Cayen, and that the nople might be appealed till the chilo had bitered his welcomming Dration, which he wake in English meter as here followeth.

O Peereles Soueraigne Queene, behold what this thy Towne Hath thee presented with, at thy first entrance heere: Behold with how tich hope she leades thee cothy Crowne, Behold with what two gifts she comforteth thy cheere.

The first is blessing tongues, which many a welcome say,
Which pray thou maist the well, which praise thee to the skye,
Which

of the Queenes Maielty

Which wish to thee long life, which bleffe this happy day, Which to thy Kingdome heapes all that in tongues can lye.

The second is true hearts, which love thee from their root,
Whose suit is triumph now, and ruleth all the game:
Which faithfulnes have wonne, and all vntruth driven out,
Which skip for ioy, when as they heare thy happie name.

Welcome therefore, O Queene, as much as heart can thinke, Welcome againe, O Queene, as much as tongue can tell: Welcome to joyous tongues, and hearts that will not shrinke, God thee preserve, we pray, and wish thee ever well.

A E which words of the last line the whole people gave a great shout, withing with one assent as the childe had sale. And the Duxnes Paieste thanked woll heartly both the Citie for this her gentle receaning at the first, easifo the people for confirming the same. Here was noted in the Duxnes Paiesties counternance, during the time that the childe hake, belies a perpetual attentiones in her face, a marrailous change in loke, as the childes words touched eyther her person, or the peoples tongues and hearts: So that the with resorting vilage vid cuidently vectore, that the words take no less place in her minds, than they were most heartly pronounced by the child, as from all the hearts of her most heartly Pronounced by the child, as from all the hearts of her most heartly Litizens. The same vertes were faltened by in a Table byon the scassio, and that atine thereof likewise in Latine vertes in another Table, as hereafter ensueth.

V Rbs tua qua ingressu dederit tibi munera primo,
O Regina parem non habitura, vide:
Ad diadema tuum, te spe quam dinite mittat,
Qua duo letitia det tibi dona, vide.

Munus habes primum, linguas bona multa precantes, Que te quum laudant, tum pia vota sonant,

Palicemá, diem bune dieunt, tibi (ecula longa Optant, et quicquid déniq; lingua potest.

Altera dona feres, verant sui emantia corda, Quorum gens ludum i am regit vua suum:

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In quibus est infracta sides, salsuma; perosa,
Queq; tuo audito nomine lata salst.
Grata venis igitur, quantum cor concipit vilum,
Quantum lingua potest dicere, grata venis.
Cordibus infractis, linguisa; per omnia latis
Grata venis: saluam te velit esse Deus.

Die when the chilo hav pronounced his Dration, and the Dudnes Pighnelle to thakfully have received it, the marched forward toward Gracious treet, where, at the upper end, before the figure of the Eagle, the City had erected a gorgious and lumptuous Arke, as here followeth:

A Stage was wade, which extended from one five of the Eret to the other, richly baulted with Battlements contaming the Bosts; and over the middle most was abuquiced the severail Mages in Degrees. Theon the lowell stage was made one feat royall, wherein were placed two Berlonages, representing king Deurie the fewenth, and Clizabeth his wife, paughter of King Coward the fourth, exther of thele two Princes litting bader one cloth of Chate in their leates, no other wife bluided, but that the one of them, which was king Benrie the leventh, proceeding out of the boufe of Lancafter, was inclosed in a red Kole, and the other, which was Queene Clizabeth, being beire to the boule of Porke enclosed with a white Kole, each of them royally crowned, and becently apparrelled as appertaineth to Brinces, with Scepters in their hands, & one bawt fur mounting their heads, wherein aptly were placed two tables, each contenning the title of thole two Princes. And thele perfonages were to fet, of the one of them to yned bands with the other, with the ring of Batrimo nie perceinen on the finger. Dut of the inhich two Roles, fpang two branches gathered into one, which were birected byward to the fecond stage or begra: inherein was placed one, representing the valiant e noble Prince Bing Benry the eight, which fraung out of the former flocke; crowned with a Crowne imperialt: and by him fate one, representing the right worthy Ladie Quience Anne, wife to the law king Beary the eight, and mother to our

of the Queenes Maiesty.

molt houeraigne Lavis Quiene Elizabeth that now is, both apparrelled with Scepters and Diabems, and other furniture due to the state of a bing and Duene, and two tables surmounting their beads, wherein were waitten their names etitles. From their feat also proceded by wards, one branch, directed to the third. and oppermed stage of begrie, wherein like bile was planted a leate royal, in the which was let one, representing the Dumes molt excellent Maiestle, Elizabeth now our most dread So raigne Ladie, crowned and apparrelled as the other Dainces were. Dut of the fozepart of this Pageant, was made a fanbing for a child, tobich, at the Quenes Paicities comming, beclared buto ber the whole meaning of the fald Pageant. The two fives of the fame were filled with loade noyles of Quicke. And all empty places thereof were furnished with lentences concerning buity: And the whole Pageant garnifes with red Moles and white, and in the fozefront of the fame Pageant, in a faire wreath was written the name and title of the fame, which was, The vniting of the two houses of Lancaster and Yorke. This Pageant was grennted toon the Quencs Spatellies name. Hos like as the long warre between the two boules of Booke and Lancalter then ended, when Clizabeth Daughter to Coward the fourth. matched in mariage with Wenry the leventh, beire to the boule of Lancatter : lo fince that the Quenes Paiellies name was Clizabeth, and forfomuch as the is the onely betre of Henry the eight, which came of both the houles, as the knitting by of concord, it was deviced, that like as Elizabeth was the first occasion of concord, so the another Elizabeth might maintaine the fame among ber bubieds to that britte was the end where at the whole benife hot, as the Duenes Patellies names moued the first ground. This Pageant now against the Quanes Raisfiles comming, was and refled with childre reprefenting the forenamed personages, with all furniture due onto the setting forth of fuch a matter wel meant, as the argumet veclared, coffip 165 and sumptuously let lozth, as the beholvers can beare witnesse. Com the Dinenes Batellie beete nere buto the late Bageant: and for as much as the noyle was great, by realon of thepreale

The receyuing all lo

of people, to that the could tharce hears the childe which did interpret the layd Pageant, and her Chariot was palled to farre to ward, that the could not well view the personages representing the kings and Quiened about amed: the required to have the matter opened onto her, and what they signified, with the ende of unitie and ground of her name, according as it is before expected. For the sight whereof, her grace caused her Chariot to be removed backe, and pet hardly could the six, because the child dren were set somewhat with the farthest in. But after that her Grace had a needscook the meaning thereof, she thanked the Citie, prayled the saysenesse of the worke, and promised that the woods one her whole endeader so the continual preservation of concord, as the Pageant of import. The childe appointed in the sanding above named, to open the meaning of the sayd Pageant, spake these words but do ber Grace.

THE two Princes that fit vnder one cloth of State,
The man in the red-Rose, the woman in the white:
Henrythe 7, and Queene Elizabeth his mate,
By Ring in Mariage, as man and wife vnite,

Both heires to both their bloods, to Lancaster the King,
The Queene to Yorke, in one the two houses did knit,
Of whome as heire to both, Henry the eight did spring,
In whose seate his true heire, thou Queene Elsabeth dost sit.

Therefore as ciuill warre, and shed of blood did cease, When these two houses were vnited into one, So now that sarre shall stint, and quietnesse encrease, We trust. O noble Queene, thou wile be cause alone.

The indichallo inere insitten in Latine Meries, a both distunct in two Tables upon the lossitant of the lago Pageant, as bereat ter followeth.

Hi quos iungit idem folium quos annulus idem: Has albente miteus, ille rubente Rofo:

of the Queenes Maiefty.

Septimus Henricus Rex, Regina Elizabetha,
Seilicet Hæredes gentis vierque fuz.
Hæs Eboracenfis, Lancaftrius ille dederunt
Commbio e, geminis quo foret vas domust
Excipit hos bæres Henricus copula Regum
Octanus, magni Regis imago potens.
Regibus hinc fuccedis anis, regique parenti,
Patris infta bæres Elizabetha tui.

Sentences placed therein concerning buille.

Vilæ concordes animo, vires domant.

Qui iuncti terrent, deiuncti timent.

Discordes animi solunat, concordes ligant.

Augentur parua pace, magna bello cadunt.

Coniunctæ manus sortius tollunt onus.

Regno pro mænibus æneis ciuium concordia.

Qui diu pugnant diutius lugent.

Dissidentes principes subditorum lues.

Princeps ad pacem natus, non ad arma datur.

Filia concordiæ copia, neptis quies.

Dissentiens Respublica hostibus pates.

Qui idem tenent, diutius tenent.

Regnum diuisum sacile dissolutur.

Ciuitas concors armis frustra tentatur.

Omnium gentium consensus sirmat sidem circ.

Their beries and other pretty lentences were pratone in boto places of this Pageant, all tending to one end, that quietness myght bee mainteined, and all diffention displaced, and that by the Avenes Painty, pepe to agreement, and agreeing in name with her, which tolore had towned those boules, which had bene the occasion of much behate a civill warre within this Mealine, as may appears to inch as will learch Chronicles, but be not to

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through the City, and what provision the City mave therefore. And ere the Quienes epaietly came within hearing of this pageant, the fent certaine, as also at all the other Pageants, to require the people to be flent. For her spaietly was disposed to beare all that should be sale unto her.

When the Quienes Paiellie hav heard the childes Dration, and understood the meaning of the Pageant at large, the marched forward toward Comedil, alway received with like retopcing of the people: and there, as her Grace passed by the Conduit, which was curiously trimmed against that time with rich banners adorned, and a noyle of loud instruments by on the top thereof, the espied the second Pageant: and because the seared for the peoples noyle, that the should not heare & child which did expend the same, the enquired what that Pageant was, ere that the came but it: And there be that there was a child representing her Patesties person, placed in a seate of government, supported by certains vertices, which suppressed their contrary vices under their feet, and so sorth, as in the description of the said Pageant shall beceaster appears.

This Pageant standing in the nether end of Comebill, was extended from the one side of the streets to the other, and in the same Pageant was beuiled three gates all open, and over the middle part thereof, was exected one chapse or seate royall, with cloth of state to the same appertaying, wherein was placed a child representing the Dumnes Highnes, with consideration had sor place convenient sor a Cable, which contained her name and title. And in a comely wreathe, artificially and well ceutied, with persit sight and onterstanding to the people, in the front of the same Pageant, was written the name and title thereof, which is The Seate of worthy Governance: which seate was more in such artificiall maner, as to the appearance of the lookers on, the sore part same to bane no stay, and therefore of sore was stayed by tincip personages, which personages were in number source, standing personages, which personages were in number source, standing

Ding.

of the Queenes Maiesty.

bing, and Caying the forefront of the fame leate royall, each bas nigobis face to the Duene and people, whereof enery one had a table to expresse their effects, which are bertues: namely, Pore Religion bis treat boon Superfittion and Ignorance: Loueof Subjects bio tread byon Rebellion and Infolency: Wildome bio tread boon Polly and Vayne glory: Inflice bid tread boom Adulacion and Bribery. Oche of thele perfonages, according to their proper names and properties, had not onely their names in playne and perfit boiting let boon their breaks, eafily to bee read of all, but allo enery of them was aprin and properly apparelied, to that his apparell ; name did agree to expresse the fame perfon, that in totle be representeb. This part of the Bageant was thus appointed and furnished. The two lives over the two live Bosts, had in them placed a nople of Intruments, which immediately after the childes ipeach, gaue an heavenly meloby. Moon the top 02 bppermelt part of the lapo Bageant fode the Armes of England, royally pourtraturde with the proper beatts to bobolo the fame. Dne reprefenting the Duenes Bighnette, fate in this feate, crowned with an Imperial Crotone, and before her feate, was a convenient place appoprited for one chile, which Dio interpret and apply the faio Pageant, as hereafter hall bee Guery bopde place was furnished with proper fentences, commending the feate fupported by bertues, and befacing the vices, to the otter extirpation of Rebellion, and to everlatting continuance of quietnelle and Peace. The Queenes Paiellie approching nigh buto this Pageant, thus beautified and furnis thed in all poputes, caused ber Chariof to bee pratone nigh there. onto, that her Grace might heare the childes Deation, which was this:

Hile that Religion true shall Ignorance suppresse,
And with her weighty foote breake Superstitions heads
While love of Subjects shall Rebellion distresse,
And with zeale to the Prince, Insolency downs treads

and the all out dealed in Big

While Iustice can flattering tongues and briberie deface,
While follie and vaine glorie to wisedome yeeld their handes:
So long shall governement not swarue from her right race:
But wrong decayeth still, and righteousnes up standes.

Now all thy subjects hearts, O Prince of peerelesse fame,
Doe trust these vertues great shall may ntaine up thy throne,
And vice be kept downe still, the wicked put to shame,
That good with good may joy, & naught with naught may mone.

Which beries were painted boon the right five of the lame Pageant, and the Latine therefor the left five in another table, which were thefe.

Ora subnixa altè solio Regina superbo est,
Essigiem sancta Principis alma resert,
Quam ciuslis amor sulcit, sapientia sirmat,
Iusticia illustrat, Relligioq; beat.
Vana superstitio de crassa ignorantia frontis
Presa sub pura religione i acent,
Regis amor domat esfranos, animosq; rebelles,
Instas adulantes, Doninorosq terri.
Cum regit imperium sapiens, sine luce sedebunt
Stultitia, atque butus numen inanis bonor.

BEste these verses, there were placed in every voiderome of the Pageant, both in English and Latine, such sentences as avanced the seat of governance, byholds by vertue. The ground of this Pageant was, that like as by vertues (which doe aboundantly appears in her Grace) the Quéries Paient was established in the seate of government: so the should sit soft in the same so long, as the embraced vertue, and belovice under sate. For it vice once gotte by the head, it would put the seate of government ment in pertil offailing.

The Animes Malenie, when the had beard the childe, and was

of the Queenes Maiesty.

bertimo the Pegeant at full, gave the Citie also thanks there, and mell gracionally promised her gad entended to the maintenance of the layed bertuos, and imprecision of vices, and is marched on till the same against the great Conduite in Cheaps, which was beautified with pictures and lentences accordingly, against per Graces comming thither.

A Cainfi Poper-lanes and was extended from the one live of the Area to the other, a Pageant, which had 3 gates all open. Over the missis work inherent, wherevered their feneral Arges, whereonfate eight children, as hereafter followeth. On the opermost one Childe, on the missis through on the lowest foure, each having the proper name of the bicking, that they did represent, written in a Rable, and placed about their heads. In the forefront of this Pageant before the children which did represent the blestings, was a convenient standing cast out for a child to stand, which did expound the law Pageant but of the Ausenes spatestie, as was done in the other totors. Everie of these children were appointed and apparelled according but the blessing which he did represent. And on the losepart of the said Pageant was written in faire letters the name of the law Pageant, in this maner following.

The eight Beatitudes expressed in the fift chapter of the Gospell of Saint Mathew, applyed to our Soueraigne Lady Queene Elizabeth.

There the two live ports was placed a norse of Instruments:

a all boyd places in the Pageant were surnished with pretty sayings, commending and touching the meaning of the sate Pargeant, which was the promises and disstings of Aimightie God, made to the people. Before that the Ducines Vighnes came but this Pageant, the required the matter somewhat to be opened dato her, that her Crace might the better understand, what should afterward by the child be said dataper. Which so was, that the Citie had there execut the Pageant with eight children, representing the eight dissings touched in the sit Chapter of S. Patheir. Whereof, every one does in considerations was applied

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applyed but ber High nells, and that the people thereby put her Grace in minos, that as her good boings before has given in the callon, who that these bledlings might fall boom ber, that to, is her Grace vio continue in her good nells, as the had entrep, the mould hope for the truit of these promises, due but of hem that one erest cise the mislues in the bledlings. We hich her Grace heard intrustical law graciously, and required that the Chartot wight be remained to wardes the Pageant, that the might perceive the childs words, to hich were these, the Duienes Paiestic giving wost attention ears, and requiring that the peoples noyse might be stayou.

Hou halt beene eight times bleft, O Queene of worthy fame:

By meekeneffe of thy sprite, when care did thee beset,

By mourning in thy griefe, by mildnesse in thy blame,

By hunger, and by these, and instice couldst none get,

By mercy shewd, not felt, by cleannesse of thine hare,

By seeking peace alwayes, by perfecution wrong.

Therefore trust thou in God, since he hath helpt thy smart,

That as his promise is, so he will make thee strong.

When these wordes were spoken, all the people wished, that as the child had spoken, so God would strengthen ber Grace against all her adversaries: whome the Duknes Paselie of most gently thanks so, their louing with. Eyele vertes were paymed on the left side of the said Pageant, and other in Latine on the other side, which were these.

Ovi lugent, bilares fient, qui mitia gestant

Pectora, multa soli iuzera culta metent.

Institiam esuriens, sitiensue replebitur, ipsum

Pas bomini puro corde videre Deum.

Quem alterius miseret Dominus miserebitur buius,

Pacificus quisquis, silius ille Dei est.

Propter institiam quisquis patietur babetq;

Demissam mentem, calica regna oapit.

Huic bominum generi terram, mare, sidera vonit.

Omnipotens, borum quisque beatus erit.

of the Queenes Maiefty.

Balloss thefe, entry bopd place in the Pageant ir as furnified with fentences touching the matter e ground of the faid Pageant. Turbon all that was to be faid in this Pageant was ented, the Animas Paielite palled on fo, ward in Cheapillos.

all pullated Helioted A I the Standard in Cheape, which was ozelled fayze againt the time, was placed a noyle of Trumpets, with banners and other furniture. The Croffe likewife was also made faire, ewell trimmed And niere bnto the fame, bpon the pozchof . Beters Church pare, Amo the Mayta of the Citie, which old gine a pleafant nople buth their Introments, as the Duenes Paiette oto palle by, which on every live call her countenance, e wither wel to all her molt toning people. Sone after that her Grace pallet the Croffe, the had efpted the Pageant ereded at the little Conduit in Cheape, eincontinent required to know what it might fignifie. And it was told ber Brace, that there was placed Eime. Time, qd fhee and Time hath brought me hither And to forth the whole matter was opened to ber Grace, as bereafter thal be declared in the description of the Bageant. But in the opening, when her Grace bider led that the Wible in English Chould be velipered buto ber by Arneth, which was therein represented by achilo, the thanked the City for that gift, and lapt the wonto oftentimes read over that Boke, commanding bir John Parrat, one of the knights which beld by ber Canapp, to goe befoge andreceme the Bobe: But learning that it fhould be belivered buto ber Grace bown by a filken lace, the caused him to Rap, & so patted forward, fill the came against the Albermen in the high end of Cheape bes foze the little Conduit, where the companies of the City ended, which began at fanchurch, and food along the freets one by and other, enclosed with Mailes, banged with clothes, and themselves wel apparrelled with many rich forres, and their Livery Doos opon their Coulders in comely & femely maner, hauing before them funday pertage trel apparelled in files and chaines of gold, as Wigflers and garders of the laye companies, belics a number of rich hangings, as well of Tapillry, Arras, clettes of golo, Silver, Beinet, Damalke, Sattin, andother fikes plentifully

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hanged all the way as the Quienes Diginose passed from the Towns through the City. Dut at the inindowes and penthonles of energ house, oto bung a number of rich and coully banners and streamers, till her Grace came to the opposent of Cheape. And therethy appointment, the right Moshipfull Baller Hanulph Cholmeley, Recorder of the City, prefented to the Ducenes Matelie a purte of Crimion Dattin richly woonght with gold. Wherein the Citis gans onto the Queenes Baielle a thouland markes in gold, as Patter Recopber Die Declare bytelly onto the Duines Balettie, whole wordes tended to this end . That the Lozd Watoz, his brethren, and Cominalty of the Citie, to beclare their glaunes and got will towards the Duenes mately, bid prefent ber Brace with that golo, beliring ber Grace to continue their god and gracious Duene, and not to elteme the bas lue of the gift, but the mind of the giners. The Quenes Paies His with both her handes toke the purle, and answered to him againe marneilous pithply, and fo pithely, that the flanders by. as they embraced entirely ber gracious answere: to they maruely led at the couching thereof, which was in words truely reported The Queenes fpeach thefe.

I Thanke my Lord Maior, his Brethren, and you all. And whereas your request is, that I should continue your good Lady and Queene, be ye ensured, that I will be as good vnto you, as ever Queene was to her people. No will in me can lacke, neyther doe I trust shall there lack any power. And perswade your selnes, that for the safety & quietnesse of youall, I will not spare, if need

be, to spend my blood. God thanke you all.

Which answers of so noble an hearten Princesse, if it moved a marveilous showt a recogning, it is nothing to be marveiled at, since both the heartmests thereof was so wonderfull, and the words to countly knit. When her Grace has thus answered the Recorder, this marched toward the little Conduit, where was exceed a Pageant with square proportion, tanding directly before the same Conduit, with battlements accordingly. And so the same Pageant was advanced from hilles or mountaines of convenient beight. The one of them being on the Routh soe of

of the Queenes Maiesty.

the fame Bageant, was made cragged, barraite, and Convin the which maserected one Wea, artificially made, all wethered and bead, with braunches accordingly. And buber the lame Ere at the fot thereof, fate and in bomely and rube apparell crokebly, and in mourning maner, having over his bear in a Table, write ten in Latin and English, his name, which was Ruinola Refpublica: A secayer Common-wealth. And byon the lame wie thered Tre were fired certains Tables, inherein were witten proper fentences, expressing the causes of the becap of a Common-wealth. The other hill on the wonth fibe, was made fayze, freth, greene, and beautiful, the ground thereof full of flowers and beauty, and on the fame was ereded also one Ere, bery freth and fapze, buter the which, frod bpzight one freth perlonage, well apparelled appoputed, whole name allo was waitten both in Englich and Latine : tobich toas, Respublica bene inflicuta : A flourifing Common-wealth. And opon the fame Trialfo, were fired certayne Tables, contayning hentences, which expected the causes of a Courilling Common-wealth. In the middle betivene the lapo billes, was made artificially one bollow place o; Cane, with Doze and locke enclosed, out of the which, a little before the Quenes Dighnelle comming thither, iliped one perfonage, whose name was Time, apparelled as an olds man with a Sythe in his hand, having wings artificially made, leaving a perfonage of letter stature then himselfe, tobich was finely and wel apparelled, all clad in white filte; and directly oper her head was let her name and title in Latine and English: Temporis filia, The baughter of Time. Which the la appointed, went forward toward the wonth flor of the Pageant: and on her breft was written her proper name, which was, Veritas. Armeth: into help a Boke in her hand, byon the whitens written, Verbum Vernatis, The More of Erneth. A out of the South live of the Pageant, was call a Manding for a chilo, which thould interpret the lance Pageant: against inhour tuben the Anknes Paletty came, he spake buts her Grace their marks: transportation and the referre

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This

This olde man with the fythe, olde father Tyme they call,
And her his daughter Truth, which holderh yonder booke,
Whom he out of his Rocke hath brought foorth to vs all,
From whence these many yeres she durst not once out looke.

The ruthfull wight that fitteth vnder the barren Tree,
Resembleth vnto vs the forme, when Common-weales decay.
But when they be in state tryumphant, you may see
By him in fresh attyre that sitteth vnder the Bay.

Now fince that Time agayne his daughter Truth hath brought, We truft, O worthy Queene, thou wilt this Truth imbrace, And fince thou vinderstands the good estate and nought, We trust wealth thou wilt plant, and barrennesse displace.

But for to heale the fore, and cure that is not seene,
Which thing the booke of truth doth teach in writing playne:
She doth present to thee the same, O worthy Queene,
For that, that words doe flye, but writing doth remayne.

When the childe had thus ended his speach, bee reached his Boke towardes the Ducines Paiestie, which a little before, Truth had let downe done him from the hill, which by Die John Parrat was received, and belivered done the Ducine. But the, as some as the had received the Boke, killed it, and with both ber handes held by the same, and so tato it byon her does, with great thankes to the Citie therefore. And so went forward towards Paules Churchyard. The sommer matter which was rehearled but the Ducines Patellie, was written in two tables, on either the the Pageant eight Merles, and in the mitthes these in Latine.

Lle vides falcem lana qui sustinet vncam, Tempus is oft, cui stat filia vera comes : Hanc pater exesa deductam rupe reponit

of the Queenes Maiefty.

In lucem, quam non viderat ante diu.

Qui sedet a lana cultu male tristis inepto,
Quem duris crescens cautibus orbis obit,
Nos monet effigie, qua sit Respublica quando
Corruit, at contra quando beata viget:
Ille docet innenis forma spectandus amictu
Scitus, et aterna laurea fronde virens.

The lentences waften in Latine, and englithes byon both the trees beclaring the caules of both effates, were thele.

Caules of a rulnous Comi. on weale, are thefe.

Want of the feare of God, Civill disagreement,
Disobedience to rulers,
Blindnesse of guides,
Briberie in Magistrates,
Rebellion in Subjects,

Caples of a flourifying Common weals.

Feare of God,

A wife Prince,

Louers of the Common weale,

Learned Rulers,

Obedience to Officers,

Vertue rewarded,

Vice chaftened.

The matter of this Pageant bependeth of them that went befoze. Foz as the Arst declareth her Grace to come out of the
house of builtie, the second, that the is placed in the Rate of government, stayed with vertues, to the suppression of vice, and therefoze in the third, the eight blessings of almightie Godmight well
be applied but her: so this fourth now is, to put her Grace in
remembrance of the state of the Common weake, which Sime
with Bruth his Daughter both reneals, which Eruth also ber
Grace bath received, and therefore cannot but be mercifall scarefull so; the god government thereof. From thence the
Duinnes Patestic passed to warder Banks Churchyarve:

and when the came over against Paules Schole, a childrap, populed by the Scholematter thereof, pronounced a certague Dration in Latine, and certague Merles, which also were there written as followeth:

The Oration.

Philosophus ille divinus Plato, intermulta præclare ac sapienter dicta, hoc posteris proditum reliquit, Rempub. illam foelicissimam fore, cui Princeps sopbiæ studiosa, virtutibusq. ornata contigerit. Quem si vere dixisse censeamus (vt quidem verissime) cur non terra Britannica plauderet? cur non populus gaudium atq, lætitiam agitaret? immo, cur non hunc diem albo (quod aiunt) lapillo notaret? quo Princeps talis nobis adest, qualem priores non viderunt, qualemq; posteritas baud facile cernere poterit, dotibus quum animi, tum corporis vndig, fœlicissima. Casti quidem corporis dotes ita aperta sunt, vi oratione non egeant. Animi verotot tantæq,, vt ne verbis quidem exprimi possint. Hac nempe Regibus summis orta, morum atq. animi nobilitate genus exuperat. Huius pectus Christi religionis amore flagrat. Hac gentem Britannicam virtutibus illustrabit, clipcog, iustia teget. Hac literis Gracis & Latinis eximia, ingenieq, prapollens est. Hac imperante, pietas vigebit, Anglia florebit, aurea secula redibunt. Vos igitur Angli, tot comoda accepturi, Elizabetham Regina nostram celeberrima

of the Queenes Maicity.

ab ipso Christo buius regnt imperto destinată, bonore debito prosequimini. Huius imperijs animo libentissimo subditi estote, vosq, tali principe dignos prabete. Et quoniam pueri non viribus, sed precibus officium prastare, possunt, nos Alumni buius Sebola ab ipso Coleto olim Templi Paulini Decano, extructa, teneras palmas ad Coelum tendentes, Christum Opt. Max. precaturi sumus, vt tuam cessitudinem annos Nestoreos summo cum bonore Anglis imperitare faciat, matremą, pignoribus charis beatam reddat. Amen.

A Nglia name tandem plandas, lætare, refulta,
Presto iam vita est, præsidiuma tibi.
En tua spes venit, tua gloria, lux, decou omne
Venis iam solidam quæ tibi prestat opem.
Succurret q; tuis rebus quæ pessum abiere.
Perdita quæ suerant bæc reparare volet.
Omnia storebunt, redeunt nunc aurea secla.
In melius surgent quæ cecidere bona.
Debes ergo isli totam te reddere sidam,
Cuius in accessu commoda tot capies,
Salue igitur dicas, imo de pectore summo.
Elizabeth Regni non dubitanda salus,
Virgo venit, veniata, optes commitata deincepet
Pignoribus charis seta parens veniat.
Hoc Deus omnipotens ex alto donet Olympo,
Qui culum & terram condidit ata, regit.

Milit

Which the Duxnes Paiellie most attentinely bearkened buto. And when the childe had pronounced, he oto kille the Oration which he had there layre written in paper, and delinered it buto the Oration Baiellie, which most gently received the lame. And when the Orations Paiellie had heard all that was there offered to be spoken, then her Grass married to ward Ludgate, where the was received with a nople of Instruments, the sorefront of the gate being finely trimmed by against her Paiesties comming.

From thence by the way as the went bolune toward flete. bringe, one about her Grace noted the Effies charge, that there was no colt spared. Wer Grace answered, that the ofo well confiper the fame. and that it foodb be remembred. An bonograble answere, worthy a noble Prince, which may comfort all ber subtects, confidering there can be no point of aentlenelle, or obedient love thewen toward ber Grace, which the both not most tenderly accept, and gracioully weigh. In this maner, the people on ele ther five releveling, ber Grace went forward, to ward the Conduit in fletellret, where was the fift and lat Dageant, ereded in forme foliowing from the Consult, which was beautified with paynting, onto the Mosth live of the freet, was ereded a lage, embattelled with foure towers, and in the fame a fquare plat rifing with begrees, and boon the oppermolt begre was placed a chayze,oz feate ropall, and behind the fame feate in curious and artificiall maner, was ereded a tre of reafonable beight, and fo farre abvanced about the feate, as it dio well and feemely Chaddow the lame, without endamaging the light of any part of the Bage, ant, and the lame tree was beautified with leanes as graine as Arte could denile, being of a convenient greatness, and contap. ning thereupon the fruite of the Date, and on the top of the fame train a table was fet the name thereof, which was, A Palme tree, and in the aforelate feate, or chapte, thas placed a femely mate personage, richly apparrelled in Parliament Mobes, with a Scepter in ber hand, as a Dagine crowned with an open Crowne, whole name and title was in a table fixed ouer ber bead, in this fort: Debora the Indge and restorer of the house of Israel. fudic.4. And the other degrees on either fide were furnished with 6. perior

of the Queenes Majesty.

o. personages: two representing the Sabilitie, two the Cleargy, and two the Comminaltie. And before these personages, was written in a table, Debora with her estates consulting for the good government of Israel. At the sete of these, a the lowest part of the Pageant, was ordepred a convenient rome for a childe to open the meaning of the Pageant. When the Quanco Paiestle drewners bate this Pageant, and personed, as in the other, the childe readic to speake, her Crace required silence, a commanded her Chartot to be removed nigher, that the might playmely beare the childe speake, which said as becaster sollowers.

Aben of Canaan king had long by force of Armes
Oppress the Israelites, which for Gods people went,
But God minding at last for to redresse their harmes,
The worthy Debora as Judge among them sent.

In warre she, through Gods ayde, did put her soes to flight,
And with the dint of sword the band of bondage brast.
In peace she, through Gods ayde, did alway maintayne right,
And sudged Israel till fortie yeares were past.

A worthy prefident, O worthy Queene, thou haft,
A worthy woman ludge, a woman fent for ftay.
And that the like to vs endure alway thou mayst,
Thy louing subjects will with true heartes and congues pray.

Withich Werles were written byon the Pageant, and the lame in Latine also.

O Vando Dei populum, Canaan Rex presit laben,
Mistitur a magno Deboramagna Deo.
Que populumeriperit, sanctum sennaret Indan,
Atricte que patrio frangeret hostivopes.
Hac Domino mandante Deo lectissima fecte
Femina, et adaersos contuats enje vivos,
C 4.

HAG

Mes quater denos populum correxerat annos, Indicio, bello ferenna, pace granis. Sic, o fic populum belloq; & pace guberna, Debora fis Anglis Elzabetha tuis.

The boys places of the Pageant were filed with pretty lene tences, concerning the lame matter. This ground of this last pageant was, that followich as the next Pageant before, hav let before ber Graces eyes, the nourithing and vefolate flates of a common weale, the might by this be put in remembrance to confult for the worthy gonernment of berpeople, confidering. Dod ofttimes fent women, nobly to rule among men, as Debora, which gouernes Maelin years the fpace of forty peres : and that it behousthmen and women fo ruling, to ble abuice of god counfell. Eliben the Quenes Paletty had paffed this Bage. ant, the marchet toward Temple barre. But at &. Dunftones Church, where the chilosen of the Holpitali were appopried to Stand with their Couernours, her Grace percepuing a chiles of fred to make an Dation buto ber, flaged ber Charlot, and bib call to ber eves to bearen, as who thould lay. I have for this mercifull works toward the pope, whom I mult in the mide of my Koyalty nicos remember: And to turned her face toward the child, which in Latin pronounced an Dration to thiselled, That after the Quienes Bighnelle has paffes through the City. and bad fene to fumptuous, rich, and notable fpectacles of the Citizens, (which veclared their most hearty recepting and love our welcomming of her Graceinto the fame) this one fredacte pet refer and remayner, which was the everlatting fredacts of mercy unto the posemembers of Himighty Goo, fartheres by that famous and nable Bitnes king Benryths egibt, ber Gas cas father, erected by the City of London, and admanaced by the woll godly, berfuous and gracious Poince, King Colward the firt, her Graces nears and louing brother, voubting nothing of the mercy of the Drumes mak gracious clemency, by the topich they may not enely be relieved and beloed, but also stayed

of the Queenes Majelly.

and befonded, and therefore incessantly they knowld pray unto almighty God, so, the long life and raigne of her Highnoste, with most prosperous bistory against her ensures.

The childe, after her had ended his Dration, killed the paper

The childe, after hee had ended his Dation, killed the paper wherein the same was written, a reached it to the Outeness spately, which received it graciously, both with words a countenance, declaring her gracious mind toward their reliefe.

From thence her Grace came to Temple barre, which was brelled finely, with the two Images of Gotmagot the Aldian, and Corincus the Briton, two Grants, big in Cature, furnished accordingly, which held in their hands, even above the gate, a Table, wherein was written in Latine vertes, the effect of all the Pageants, which the City before had created, which beries were these:

Ece, sub aspectu iam contemplaberis vno
O Princeps populi solacolumna tui.
Quicquid in immensa passim per spexeris vrbe,
Qua capère omnes vnus bic arcus babet.
Primas te solio regni donanit auti,
Hæres quippe tui vera parentis eras.
Suppressis vists, domina virtute, Secundus
Firmanis sedem regia virgo tuam.
Tertius ex on ni posait te parte bestam,
Si, qua cæpisti pergere velle velis.
Quarto quid verum, respublica lapsa quid esset.

Quinto magna loco monnit te Debora, missame Calitus in regni gaudia longa tut.
Perge ergo Regina tux spes unica gentie,
Hiscopostrema Vrbis suscipe vota tua.
Vine din, regnaq din, virtutibus orna
Rem patriam, & populi spem tucare tui.

Sico sic petitur calum. Sic veur in astra, Hoc virtuis ofus, extera mortis crunt.

Will birt berles kere also written in English Pater in a lette Table, as perenter followeth.

Behold here in one view, thou mayeft fee all that playne, O Princelle, to this thy people the only flay:
What echewhere thou halt feen in this wide towne, agayne,
This one arche what focuer the rest conteyed, doth fay.

The first arche as true heyre vnto thy father dere,
Did set thee in the throne where thy graundfather satte:
The second did confirme thy seat as Princesse here,
Vertues now bearing swaye, and eyees bet downe flatte.

The third, if that thou wouldit goe on as thou began,
Declared thee to be bleffed on every lyde:
The fourth did open Trueth, and also taught thee whan,
The commonweale flood well, and when it did thence slyde,

The fifth as Debora declared thee to be fent
From heaven, a long comfort to vs thy subjects all:
Therefore goe on, O Queene, on whom our hope is bent,
And take with thee this wish of thy towne as finall.

Liue long, and as long raygne, adourning thy countrie
With vertues, and mayntay ne thy peoples hope of thee:
For thus, thus heaven is won, thus must thou pearce the skie,
This is by vertue wrought, all other must needes dye.

On the South live was appointed by the citie a noyle of linging chilozen, a one chilo richly attyzed as a Poet, which gave the Quantes Maistie her farewell in the name of the whole citie, by thele wordes.

AS at thine entrance first, O Prince of high renowne,
Thou wast presented with tongues and hearts for thy fayres
So now sith thou must needes depart out of this Towne,
This City sendes thee firms hope and earnest prayer.

of the Queenes Maiesty.

For all men hope in thee, that all vertues shall raygue,
For all men hope that thou none errous wilt support,
For all men hope that thou wilt trueth restore agayne,
And mend that is amisse, to all good mens comfort,

And for this hope they pray, thou may it continue long Our Queene amongst vehere, all vyce for to supplants And for this hope they pray, that God may make thee strong, As by his grace putsant, so in his trueth constant.

Farewell, O worthy Queene, and as our hope is fure,
That into errours place, thou wile now trueth reftore;
So trust we, that thou wile our soueraigne Queene endure,
And louing Lady stand from henceforth euermore.

in repeated for maintenance of truth, and roting out of errour, the now and then beide up her handes to beaven ward, and willed

the people to fay, amen.

When the child had enved, he late, Be ye well affored, I wil stand your good Queene. At which laying, her Grace departed forth through Temple barre, to ward Wellminster, with no less houting and crying of the people, then the entred the Citte with a nople of Dybinance, which the Towns hot off at her Graces entrance Arst into Towns Criet.

- The childes laying was also in latin vertes witten in a table,

which was banged by there.

O Regina potens, Com primam rebem ingredereris, Dona tebi, linguas, fidaq, corda dedit, Difeedenti etiam tibi nune duo munera mittit.

Omina plena spei, votaq; plena precum.

Quippe tois spes est, in te qued provide virtus Rexerit, errori nec locus vilus èrit.

Quippe tuis fpes eft, quod to verum onne reduces,

D 2

Solatura

Solatura bonas, dam mala tollis, opes.

Hac se freti orant, longum vt Regina gubernes,
Et Regni excindis crimina cuncta tui.

Hac spe freti orant, divina vt gratia forsem,
Et veræ sidei te veliti esse basin.

Iam Regina vale, & sicut nos spes tenet vna,
Quod vero inducto, perditus error erit.

Sic queq; speramus quod eris Regina benigna,
Nobis per Regni tempora longa tui.

Thus the Duienes Pighnes passed through the Cite, which without any fortagne person, of it selfe beautified it selfe, and recepued her Crace at all places, as hath wine before mentioned, with most tender obscience and lone, due to so gracious a Duiene and Soveraigne kady. And her Brace tikewise of her side, in all her Braces passage, shewed her selfe generally an Image of a worthy Lady and Governour, but privately these especiall paynts were noted in her Brace, as signes of a most prince-like tourage, subscreby her soving sobjects may ground a sure hope sor the rest of her gracious boings hereafter.

Certayne Notes of the Queenes Maiesties great inercy, clemency, and wildome vsed in this passage.

A Bont the nether end of Coone-hill toward Theape, one of the knights about her Grace, had elpsed an ancient Citizen, which wept, and inrued his head backe, and there with fayorhis Gentleman, Ponder is an Alberman (for to hee tearmed him) which wepeth and turneth his face backward: how may it bee interpreted that hee indoeth, for forrow, or for glatmife: Whe Ounces Batelly heard him; and laph, I warrancy ou, it is for gladneile. A gracious interpretation of a noble courage, which would turne the doubtfull to the bell: And yet it was well knowne, that as her Grace vid confirme the fame, the parties cheare was

of the Queenes Maicsty.

to our bery pure glarnes, for the light of her chalenies per fon, at the beholding whereof, he twice from fort, that with teares he expressed the fame.

In Cheapside her Grace smiled: and being thereof demanded the cause, answered, for that the had beard one say, Remember olde King Fency the eight. Anatural child, which at the very remembrance of her fathers name take so great a toy, that all men may well thinke, that as the resourced at his name, whome this Realme both hold of so worthy memory; so in her beings the will resemble the same.

When the Cities charge without parciality, and onely the City was mentioned but her Grace, the topb it thous not her loggetten. Which laying wight move all Englishmen hartily to the wove obstience and entirenells, to their logged a Quene, which will in no popul forget any parcell of outy louingly themed but but of the

The answere which her Grace made unto Batter Metozder of London, as the heaters know it to be true, and with melting hearts heard the lame: so may the Reader thereof concerne, what kind of Romacke and courage pronounced the lame.

olde time, then that mighty Princes have gently recepted presents offred them by baleand low perfonages. If that be to be wendred at (as it is passingly) let me see any Earlier, that in any one Princes life, is able to recount so many presidents of this bertue, as her Grace the wed in that one passage through the City: Pow many polegayes did her Grace receive at pose wormens hands! Powostentimes stayed the ter Chariot, when the saw any simple body offer to speake to her Grace? A braunch of Rosemary given to her Grace, with a Supplication, by a process woman about flext bringe, was seene in her Chariot, till her Grace came to cates the presenter, and noted the Quanes most gracious recepting and kaping the same.

band, the , as in all her tourny continually, for in her harkening to

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the part children of Chills Polyttall, with eyes call by interpendent peaces, at that notifier the welther affate could frank without conflueration has to the powerty, usylper the partiers be duely confluered, welets they were remembrab, as come membrab to be by Gabo since month.

Us at hordica entrance, the, as it insee, beclared her felfs prepared to pake through a City that must entirely loued be: to the attention to the partiers of the partiers are the felfs in the

As at bordies entrance, the, as it were, declared for folio prepared to pake through a City that wolf entirely loned for: to the at her last departing, as it were, bound for fells by promile, to continue god Lady and Governous bato that City, which by outward declaration did upon their love, to their following and Auble Prince in such wife, as the per felse wondered thereat.

But because Princes be set in their peats by Gobs appoynting, and therefore they must first and chiesly tender the glory of him, from whom their glory ensueth: it is to bee noted in her Grace, that forsomuch as God hath so wonderfully placed her in the seat of government over this Realme, thee in all being sooth their her selse most mindfull of his goddnesse and mercy specied but her, and amongst all other, two principals signed thereof were noted in this passage. First, in the Cowre, where her Grace, before the entred her Charlot, listed by her ages to hear ment supplies.

The Queenes Prayer.

Chard, almighty and everlasting God, I give thee most hearty thanks, that thou hast beene so mercifull voto me, as to spare me to behold this ioyfull day. And I acknowledge, that thou hast dealt as wonderfully, and as mercifully with me, as thou didst with thy true and faythfull servant Daniel thy Prophet, who thou deliveredst out of the denne from the cruelty of the greedy and raging Lyons: even so was I overwhelmed, and onely by thee delivered. To thee therefore onely be thanks, honour, and prayse, for ever. Amen.

The lecand was the recepting of the Bible, at the little Con-

of the Otteenes Materty.

in English should there be offered, the thanked the City therefore, promised the reading thereof most disigently, and inconfinent commanued that it should bee brought. At the recept
whereof, how remerently did the with both ber bands take it,
whereof, how remerently did the with both ber bands take it,
kise it, and lay it byon her brest, to the great comfort of the lokers on! God will benountedly preserve to worthy a sprince,
kers on! God will benountedly preserve to worthy a sprince,
inhich at his homour so remerently taketh her beginning: Iso;
this saying is true, and written in the books of Erneth, Hee
that first seeketh the kingdome of God, shall have all other things
cast vinco him.

Pow therefore all English hearts, and her natural people, must need prayle Gods mercy, which hath sent them so worthy a Prince, & pray to her Graces long continuance amongs be.

FINIS.

